

KIT - SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product identifier used on the	
label:	
Kit Name	
Stock No.:	

MA 830 GRA Y IT186X

Other means of identification:

Component B - SDS

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier used on the label: Product Name:

MA830/832 EU Gray Activator

Other means of identification:

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:

Chemical manufacturer address and teleph	one number:
Manufacturer Name:	ITW Performance Polymers
Address:	30 Endicott Street Danvers, MA 01923
General Phone Number:	(978) 777-1100

Emergency phone number: Emergency Phone Number: CHEMTREC:

(800) 424-9300 For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

SECTION 2 : HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

 $\underline{Classification \ of \ the \ chemical \ in \ accordance \ with \ CFR \ 1910.1200(d)(f):}$

GHS Pictograms:



Signal Word:	WARNING.
GHS Class:	Organic peroxides. Type F. Eye Irritation. Category 2. Skin Irritation. Category 2. Skin Sensitization. category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity - STOT, Single Exposure SE. Category 3.
Hazard Statements:	H242 - Heating may cause a fire. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
Precautionary Statements:	 P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hotsurfaces. — No smoking. P234 - Keep only in original container. P235 - Keep cool. P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P312 - Specific treatment (see on this label). P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P332+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide to extinguish small fires. Use water for large fires. P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. P403 +P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 - Store locked up. P410 - Protect from sunlight. P411 - Store at temperatures not exceeding°C/°F. P420 - Store separately.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with Local, State, Federal and Provincial regulations.

 $\underline{\text{Hazards not otherwise classified that have been identified during the classification process:}$

Route of Exposure:	Eyes. Skin. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential Health Effects:	
Eye:	Can cause moderate irritation, burning sensation, tearing, redness, and swelling. Overexposure may cause lacrimation, conjunctivitis, corneal damage and permanent injury.
Skin:	Can cause skin irritation; itching, redness, rashes, hives, burning, and swelling. Allergic reactions are possible. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident on reexposure to this material.
Inhalation:	Respiratory tract irritant. High concentration may cause dizziness, headache, and anesthetic effects.
Ingestion:	Causes irritation, a burning sensation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract and abdominal pain.
Chronic Health Effects:	Prolonged skin contact may lead to burning associated with severe reddening, swelling, and possible tissue destruction.
Signs/Symptoms:	Overexposure can cause headaches, dizziness, nausea, and vomiting.
Target Organs:	Eyes. Skin. Respiratory system. Digestive system.
Aggravation of Pre-Existing Conditions:	Individuals with pre-existing skin disorders, asthma, allergies or known sensitization may be more susceptible to the effects of this product.

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>Mixtures:</u>			
Chemical Name	CA S#	Ingredient Percent	EC Num.
Proprietary Ingredient(s)	No Data	20 - 30 by weight	
Benzoyl Peroxide	94-36-0	20 - 30 by weight	
Styrene-ethylene/butylene-styrene block copolymer	66070-58-4	1 - 10 by weight	
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	1 - 10 by weight	
Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin	25068-38-6	10 - 20 by weight	
Diisodecyl adipate	27178-16-1	10 - 20 by weight	
Propanol, oxybis-, dibenzoate	27138-31-4	1 - 10 by weight	
Diisodecyl Phthalate	26761-40-0	1 - 10 by weight	
Black iron oxide	1317-61-9	0.1 - 1.0 by weight	
Amorphous Silica	7631-86-9	0.1 - 1.0 by weight	
Aluminum Hydroxide	21645-51-2	0.1 - 1.0 by weight	

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary r	neasures:
Eye Contact:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 to 20 minutes. Ensure adequate flushing of the eyes by separating the eyelids with fingers. Get immediate medical attention.
Skin Contact:	Immediately wash skin with plenty of soap and water for 15 to 20 minutes, while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Inhalation:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

SECTION 5 : FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media:	
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Use carbon dioxide (CO2) or dry chemical when fighting fires involving this material.
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	Water or foam may cause frothing.
Unusual Fire Hazards:	Organic peroxides can decompose violently if heated strongly while confined. Sudden reaction and fire may result if product is mixed with an oxidizing agent.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Protective Equipment:	As in any fire, wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA), MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
Fire Fighting Instructions:	Evacuate area of unprotected personnel. Use cold water spray to cool fire exposed containers to minimize risk of rupture. Do not enter confined fire space without full protective gear. If possible, contain fire run-off water.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective ec	aupment and emergency procedures:	
Personal Precautions:	Evacuate area and keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the spill area.	
Environmental precautions:		
Environmental Precautions:	Avoid runoff into storm sewers, ditches, and waterways.	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:		
Spill Cleanup Measures:	Absorb spill with inert material (e,g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Provide ventilation. Clean up spills immediately observing precautions in the protective equipment section. After removal, flush spill area with soap and water to remove trace residue. Avoid personal contact and breathing vapors or mists. Ventilate area. Use proper personal protective equipment as listed in Section 8.	
Reference to other sections:		
Other Precautions:	Pump or shovel to storage/salvage vessels.	

SECTION 7 : HANDLING and STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:	
Handling:	Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor, aerosol or mist.
Hygiene Practices:	Wash thoroughly after handling.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:	
Storage:	Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of heat and incompatible materials. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store in temperatures above 100 °F.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:	
Benzoyl Peroxide :	
Guideline ACGIH:	TLV-TWA: 5 mg/m3
Guideline OSHA:	PEL-TWA: 5 mg/m3
<u>Titanium Dioxide</u> :	
Guideline ACGIH:	TLV-TWA: 10 mg/m3
Appropriate engineering controls:	
Engineering Controls:	Use appropriate engineering control such as process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Where such systems are not effective wear suitable personal protective equipment, which performs satisfactorily and meets OSHA or other recognized standards. Consult with local procedures for selection, training, inspection and maintenance of the personal protective equipment.
Individual protection measures:	
Eye/Face Protection:	Wear appropriate protective glasses or splash goggles as described by 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA eye and face protection regulation, or the European standard EN 166.
Skin Protection Description:	Wear appropriate protective gloves and other protective apparel to prevent skin contact. Consult manufacturer's data for permeability data.
Respiratory Protection:	A NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
Other Protective:	Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash and a deluge shower safety station.
Notes :	Only established PEL and TLV values for the ingredients are listed.

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Physical State Appearance:

Viscous. Liquid.

Color:	Gray
Odor:	Slight. odor.
Boiling Point:	Not determined.
Melting Point:	Not determined.
Specific Gravity:	1.06
Solubility:	slightly soluble.
Vapor Density:	Not determined.
Vapor Pressure:	Not determined.
Percent Volatile:	Not determined.
Evaporation Rate:	<<1 (butyl acetate = 1)
pH:	6
Molecular Formula:	Mixture
Molecular Weight:	Mixture
Flash Point:	Not determined.
Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit:	Not determined.
Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit:	Not determined.
Auto Ignition Temperature:	Not determined.
VOC Content:	<50 g/L mixed.
VOC Content: 9.2. Other information:	<50 g/L mixed.

SECTION 10 : STABILITY and REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:	
Chemical Stability:	Unstable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	
Hazardous Polymerization:	Not reported.
Conditions To Avoid:	
Conditions to Avoid:	Extreme heat, sparks, and open flame. Incompatible materials, oxidizers and oxidizing conditions. Contamination, direct sunlight, friction and prolonged storage above 100°F (38°C).
Incompatible Materials:	
Incompatible Materials:	Oxidizing agents. Strong acids and alkalis.

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Benzoyl Peroxide :	
Eye:	Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 500 mg/24H [Mild] (RTECS)
Ingestion:	Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 7710 mg/kg [Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration - Cyanosis Liver - Other changes Kidney/Ureter/Bladder - Other changes in urine composition] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 6400 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
<u>Titanium Dioxide</u> :	
Chronic Effects:	Normal application procedures for this product pose minimal hazard as to the release of respirable titanium dioxide dust, but grinding or sanding dried films of this product may yield some respirable titanium dioxide. Although IARC has classified titanium dioxide as possible carcinogenic to human (2B), their summary concludes: "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is though to occur during the use of products which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials". OSHA does not regulate titanium dioxide as a carcinogen. However, under 29CFR 1910.1200 the SDS must convey the fact that titanium dioxide is a potential carcinogen to rats.
Carcinogenicity:	Animal evidence shows that high concentrations of pigment-grade (powdered) and ultrafine titanium dioxide dust caused respiratory tract cancer in rats exposed by inhalation.
Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin	:
Eye :	Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 100 mg [Mild] Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 20 mg/24H [Moderate] Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 5 mg/24H [Severe] (RTECS)
Skin:	Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >20 mL/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Administration onto the skin - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >1200 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

Ingestion:	Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 10700 uL/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 13600 mg/kg [Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea Nutritional and Gross Metabolic - Weight loss or decreased weight gain] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 13.6 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 11.4 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 30 gm/kg [Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea Nutritional and Gross Metabolic - Weight loss or decreased weight gain] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 30 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 30 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 30 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >1 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >1 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 11400 mg/kg [Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea Nutritional and Gross Metabolic (RTECS)
Diisodecyl adipate :	
Ingestion:	Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 20.5 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
Propanol, oxybis-, dibenzoate :	
Skin:	Administration onto the skin - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >2000 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
Ingestion:	Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 3295 mg/kg [Brain and Coverings - Other degenerative changes Cardiac - Cardiomyopathy including infarction Liver - Other changes] (RTECS)
Diisodecyl Phthalate :	
Skin:	Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >3160 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
Ingestion:	Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 64 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
Amorphous Silica :	
Eye:	Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 25 mg/24H [Mild] (RTECS)

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:	
Ecotoxicity:	No ecotoxicity data was found for the product.
Environmental Fate:	No environmental information found for this product.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Description of waste:

Waste Disposal:

Consult with the US EPA Guidelines listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3 for the classifications of hazardous waste prior to disposal. Furthermore, consult with your state and local waste requirements or guidelines, if applicable, to ensure compliance. Arrange disposal in accordance to the EPA and/or state and local guidelines.

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Shipping Name:	Refer to Bill of Lading
DOT UN Number:	Refer to Bill of Lading
IATA Shipping Name:	Refer to Bill of Lading
IATA UN Number:	Refer to Bill of Lading
IMDG UN Number :	Refer to Bill of Lading
IMDG Shipping Name :	Refer to Bill of Lading

SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

Benzoyl Peroxide :

TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed	
Section 313:	EPCRA - 40 CFR Part 372 - (SARA Title III) Section 313 Listed Chemical.	
Canada DSL:	Listed	
Styrene-ethylene/butylene-styrene block copolymer :		
TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed	

Canada DSL:	Listed
<u>Titanium Dioxide :</u>	
TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
Canada DSL:	Listed
Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin :	
TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
Canada DSL:	Listed
Diisodecyl adipate :	
TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
Canada DSL:	Listed
Propanol, oxybis-, dibenzoate :	
TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
Canada DSL:	Listed
Diisodecyl Phthalate :	
TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
California PROP 65:	Listed: developmental.
Canada DSL:	Listed
Black iron oxide :	
TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
Canada DSL:	Listed
Amorphous Silica :	
TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
Canada DSL:	Listed
<u>Aluminum Hydroxide</u> :	
TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
Canada DSL:	Listed
Canadian Regulations.	WHMIS Hazard Class(es): D2B All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substances List.
WHMIS Pictograms:	\bigcirc

SECTION 16 : ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

HMIS Health Hazard:	2*	Health Hazard	2*
HMIS Fire Hazard:	2	Fire Hazard	2
HMIS Reactivity:	2	Reactivity	2
HMIS Personal Protection:	Х	Personal Protection	x
		* Chronic Health Effects	
SDS Revision Date:	March 29, 2016		
SDS Revision Notes:	Formula update		
SDS Author:	Actio Corporation		
Disclaimer:	This Health and Safety Information is correct to the best of publication but we cannot accept liability for any loss, injury The information given in the Data Sheet is designed only as the use of the substance. It is not a specification nor does i	or damage which may result from its s a guidance for safe handling, storag	use. Je and

Copyright© 1996-2018 Enviance. All Rights Reserved.

Component A - SDS

ECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION		
Product identifier used on the label: Product Name:	MA830 ADHESIVE	
Other means of identification:		
Synonyms:	None.	
Recommended use of the chemical ar	nd restrictions on use:	
Product Use/Restriction:	Not applicable.	
Chemical manufacturer address and t	elephone number:	
Manufacturer Name:	ITW Performance Polymers	
Address:	30 Endicott Street Danvers, MA 01923	
General Phone Number:	(978) 777-1100	
Emergency phone number:		
Emergency Phone Number:	(800) 424-9300	
CHEMTREC:	For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300	
ECTION 2 : HAZARD(S) IDENTIF	ICATION	
Classification of the chemical in accor	dance with CFR 1910.1200(d)(f):	
GHS Pictograms:		

Signal Word:	DANGER.
GHS Class:	Flammable Liquid. Category 2.
	Serious Eye Damage. category 1.
	Skin corrosion. category 1. Skin Sensitization. category 1.
	Specific Target Organ Toxicity - STOT, Single Exposure SE. Category 3.
Hazard Statements:	H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
	H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
	H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H317 - May cause respiratory irritation.
	1555 - May cause respiratory initiation.
Precautionary Statements:	P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hotsurfaces. — No smoking.
·	P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
	P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.
	P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
	P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
	P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
	P260 - Do not breathe dust/lume/gas/mist/vapous/spray. P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
	P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
	P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
	P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.
	P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
	P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
	Rinse skin with water/shower. P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for
	breathing.
	P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,
	if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
	P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
	P321 - Specific treatment (see on this label).
	P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	P305 - Wash containmated columny before reuse. P3704-P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide to extinguish small fires. Use water for
	large fires.
	P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	P405 - Store locked up.
	P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with Local, State, Federal and Provincial regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified that have been identified during the classification process:

Route of Exposure:	Eyes. Skin. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential Health Effects:	
Eye:	Can cause moderate irritation, burning sensation, tearing, redness, and swelling. Overexposure may cause lacrimation, conjunctivitis, corneal damage and permanent injury.
Skin:	Can cause skin irritation; itching, redness, rashes, hives, burning, and swelling. Allergic reactions are possible. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident on reexposure to this material.
Inhalation:	Respiratory tract irritant. High concentration may cause dizziness, headache, and anesthetic effects.
Ingestion:	Causes irritation, a burning sensation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract and abdominal pain.
Chronic Health Effects:	Prolonged skin contact may lead to burning associated with severe reddening, swelling, and possible tissue destruction.
Signs/Symptoms:	Overexposure can cause headaches, dizziness, nausea, and vomiting.
Target Organs:	Eyes. Skin. Respiratory system. Digestive system. Liver. Kidney. Olfactory Function.
Aggravation of Pre-Existing Conditions:	Individuals with pre-existing skin disorders, asthma, allergies or known sensitization may be more susceptible to the effects of this product.

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>Mixtures:</u>			
Chemical Name	CAS#	Ingredient Percent	EC Num.
Polychloroprene	No Data	1 - 10 by weight	
Methyl Methacrylate Monomer	80-62-6	50 - 60 by weight	
Methacrylic acid	79-41-4	1 - 10 by weight	
Proprietary ingredient(s)	Trade Secret	20 - 30 by weight	
Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene Polymer	9003-55-8	1 - 10 by weight	
Methacryloyloxyethyl acid phosphate	52628-03-2	1 - 10 by weight	
Rosin	8050-09-7	0.1 - 1.0 by weight	

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measu	ires:
Eye Contact:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 to 20 minutes. Ensure adequate flushing of the eyes by separating the eyelids with fingers. Get immediate medical attention.
Skin Contact:	Immediately wash skin with plenty of soap and water for 15 to 20 minutes, while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Inhalation:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

SECTION 5 : FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguish	ing media:
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Use carbon dioxide (CO2) or dry chemical when fighting fires involving this material.
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	Water may cause frothing.
Unusual Fire Hazards:	Sealed containers at elevated temperatures may rupture explosively and spread fire due to polymerization.
Special protective equipment and protective Equipment: Fire Fighting Instructions:	precautions for fire-fighters: As in any fire, wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA), MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Evacuate area of unprotected personnel. Use cold water spray to cool fire exposed containers to minimize risk of rupture. Do not enter confined fire space without full protective gear. If possible, contain fire run-off water. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:Personal Precautions:Evacuate area and keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the spill area.Environmental precautions:Avoid runoff into storm sewers, ditches, and waterways.Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:Noid runoff into storm sewers, ditches, and or earth), then place in a chemical waste container.Spill Cleanup Measures:Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container.
Provide ventilation. Collect spill with a non-sparking tool. Place into a suitable container for disposal.
Clean up spills immediately observing precautions in the protective equipment section. After removal,
flush spill area with soap and water to remove trace residue.
Flammable, eliminate ignition sources. Vapors can form an ignitable mixture with air. Vapors can flow
along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back. Ventilate area. Use proper personal
protective equipment as listed in Section 8.Reference to other sections:Pump or shovel to storage/salvage vessels. Add inhibitor to prevent polymerization.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING and STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:	
Handling:	Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor, aerosol or mist. Material will accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). Use proper grounding procedures. Do not reuse containers without proper cleaning or reconditioning.
Hygiene Practices:	Wash thoroughly after handling.
Special Handling Procedures:	Provide appropriate ventilation/respiratory protection against decomposition products (see Section 10) during welding/flame cutting operations and to protect against dust during sanding/grinding of cured product. Hazardous liquid or vapor residue may remain in emptied container. Do not reuse, heat, burn, pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, expose to sparks, flame, or ignition sources of empty containers without proper commercial cleaning or reconditioning.
Conditions for safe storage, inclu	ding any incompatibilities:
Storage:	Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of heat, combustible materials, direct sunlight, and incompatible substances. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:	
Methyl Methacrylate Monomer :	
Guideline ACGIH:	TLV-STEL: 100 ppm TLV-TWA: 50 ppm Sensitizer.
Guideline OSHA:	PEL-TWA: 100 ppm
Methacrylic acid :	
Guideline ACGIH:	TLV-TWA: 20 ppm
Appropriate engineering controls:	
Engineering Controls:	Use appropriate engineering control such as process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Where such systems are not effective wear suitable personal protective equipment, which performs satisfactorily and meets OSHA or other recognized standards. Consult with local procedures for selection, training, inspection and maintenance of the personal protective equipment.
Individual protection measures:	
Eye/Face Protection:	Wear appropriate protective glasses or splash goggles as described by 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA eye and face protection regulation, or the European standard EN 166.
Skin Protection Description:	Wear appropriate protective gloves and other protective apparel to prevent skin contact. Consult manufacturer's data for permeability data.
Respiratory Protection:	A NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
Other Protective:	Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash and a deluge shower safety station.
Notes :	Only established PEL and TLV values for the ingredients are listed.

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Physical State Appearance:

Paste.

Color:	off-white.
Odor:	Fragrant.
Boiling Point:	Not determined.
Melting Point:	Not determined.
Specific Gravity:	Not determined.
Solubility:	Not determined.
Vapor Density:	> 1 (air = 1)
Vapor Pressure:	Not determined.
Percent Volatile:	Not determined.
Evaporation Rate:	Not determined.
pH:	Not determined.
Molecular Formula:	Mixture
Molecular Weight:	Mixture
Flash Point:	50°F (10°C)
Flash Point Method:	Tag closed cup. (TCC)
Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit:	1.7%
Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit:	12.5%
Auto Ignition Temperature:	789°F
VOC Content:	<50 g/L mixed.
9.2. Other information:	
Percent Solids by Weight	Not determined.

SECTION 10 : STABILITY and REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:	
Chemical Stability:	Unstable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	
Hazardous Polymerization:	Polymerization may occur under certain conditions.
Conditions To Avoid:	
Conditions to Avoid:	Extreme heat, sparks, and open flame. Incompatible materials, oxidizers and oxidizing conditions. Oxygen-free atmospheres or inert gas blanketing. Freezing conditions. Material can soften paint and rubber.
Incompatible Materials:	
Incompatible Materials:	Oxidizing agents (eg peroxides, nitrates), reducing agents, acids, bases, azo-compounds, catalytic metals (eg copper, iron), halogens. Free radical initiators. Oxygen scavengers.

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Methyl Methacrylate Monomer :	
Eye:	Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 150 mg [Not reported.] (RTECS)
Skin:	Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >5 gm/kg [Skin and Appendages - Dermatitis, other(After systemic exposure)] (RTECS)
Inhalation:	Inhalation - Rat LC50 - Lethal concentration, 50 percent kill: 78000 mg/m3/4H [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
Ingestion:	Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 7872 mg/kg [Behavioral - Muscle weakness Behavioral - Coma Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration - Respiratory depression] (RTECS)
Methacrylic acid :	
Skin:	Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 500 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
Ingestion:	Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 1060 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene Polyn	ner:
Eye:	Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 500 mg/24H [Mild] (RTECS)

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

No ecotoxicity data was found for the product.

Environmental Fate:

No environmental information found for this product.

ON 13 : DISPOSAL CONSID	ERATIONS
-------------------------	----------

Description of waste:

Waste Disposal:	Consult with the US EPA Guidelines listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3 for the classifications of hazardous waste prior to disposal. Furthermore, consult with your state and local waste requirements or guidelines, if applicable, to ensure compliance. Arrange disposal in accordance to the EPA and/or state and local guidelines.
RCRA Number:	D001
Important Disposal Information:	DANGER! Rags, steel wool and waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded or stored. To avoid a spontaneous combustion fire, immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed, water-filled, metal container.

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Shipping Name:	Refer to Bill of Lading
DOT UN Number:	Refer to Bill of Lading
IATA Shipping Name:	Refer to Bill of Lading
IATA UN Number:	Refer to Bill of Lading
IMDG UN Number :	Refer to Bill of Lading
IMDG Shipping Name :	Refer to Bill of Lading

SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

Methyl Methacrylate Monomer :	
TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
Section 313:	EPCRA - 40 CFR Part 372 - (SARA Title III) Section 313 Listed Chemical.
Canada DSL:	Listed
Methacrylic acid :	
TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
Canada DSL:	Listed
Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene Polym	<u>ter</u> :
TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
Canada DSL:	Listed
Methacryloyloxyethyl acid phosph	ate :
TSCA Inventory Status:	Listed
Canada DSL:	Listed
Canadian Regulations.	WHMIS Hazard Class(es): B2; D2B All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substances List.
WHMIS Pictograms:	

SECTION 16 : ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

HMIS Ratings:			
HMIS Health Hazard:	2*	Health Hazard	2:
HMIS Fire Hazard:	3	Fire Hazard	3
HMIS Reactivity:	2	Reactivity	2
HMIS Personal Protection:	х	Personal Protection	x
		* Chronic Health Effects	
SDS Revision Date:	May 25, 2015		
SDS Revision Notes:	GHS Update		

SDS Author:

Disclaimer:

Actio Corporation

This Health and Safety Information is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief at the date of its publication but we cannot accept liability for any loss, injury or damage which may result from its use. The information given in the Data Sheet is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, storage and the use of the substance. It is not a specification nor does it guarantee any specific properties. All chemicals should be handled only by competent personnel, within a controlled environment.

Copyright© 1996-2018 Enviance. All Rights Reserved.